## GEORGETOWN CLIMATE CENTER

Georgetown State-Federal Climate Resource Center

Allowance Allocations to States, American Clean Energy and Security (ACES) Act of 2009

111th Congress, sponsored by Reps. Waxman and Markey

Bill as passed by the U.S. House of Representatives, June 26, 2009 (updated July 17, 2009)

Table 1: H.R. 2454 Allowance Allocation

Allocation Initial % of Final % of				
Allocation	Allocation	Allocation		
Strategia Daggerra (See 724)	1% in 2012	3% in 2050		
Strategic Reserve (Sec. 726)	I .			
Supplemental Reductions. (Sec. 781.)	5% in 2012.	2% in 2050		
Federal program to achieve reductions in greenhouse gas				
emissions from deforestation in developing countries				
Protect Consumers from Energy Cost Increases				
Electricity Consumers. (Sec. 783.) <sup>1</sup>	44.25% in 2012	7.1% in 2029		
Natural Gas Consumers. (Sec. 784.)	9% in 2016	1.8% in 2029		
Heating Oil and Propane Consumers. (Sec. 785.)	1.875% in 2012	0.3% in 2029		
Low Income Consumers. (Sec. 721(a).)	15% in 2012	15% in 2050		
Transition Assistance for Industry				
Trade-Vulnerable Industries. (Sec. 765.)	2% in 2012, then	Declines		
	15% in 2014	accord. formula		
Domestic Fuel Production. (Sec. 721(a).) <sup>2</sup>	2.25% in 2014	2.25% in 2026		
Energy Efficiency and Clean Energy Technology				
Development of Carbon Capture, Storage and	1.75% in 2014,	5% in 2050		
Sequestration Technology. (Sec. 786.)	increasing to			
	4.75% in 2018			
Investments in Energy Efficiency and Renewable	9.5% in 2012	4.5% in 2050		
Energy. (Sec. 132.)				
Greater Efficiency in Building Codes. (Sec. 201.)	0.5% in 2012	0.5% in 2050		
Energy Research and Development. (Sec. 171.)	1.5% in 2012	1.5% in 2050		
Investment in Clean Vehicle Technology. (Sec. 124).	3% in 2012	1% in 2025		
Investment in Workers				
Worker Adjustment Assistance (Sec. 793)	0.5% in 2012	1% in 2050		
Worker Training (Sec. 422)	0.75% in 2012-13	-		
Domestic Adaptation				
Domestic Adaptation to States	0.9% in 2012	3.9% in 2050		
Health Protection and Promotion	0.1% in 2012	0.1% in 2050		
Wildlife and Natural Resource Adaptation <sup>3</sup>	1% in 2012	4% in 2050		
International Programs				
International Adaptation	1% in 2012	4% in 2050		
International Clean Technology Deployment	1% in 2012	4% in 2050		
Deficit Reduction	Remaining allowances: 2012-2025			
Climate Change Consumer Refund	Remaining allowances: 2025-2050			
ominate origination retains	remaining anowances. 2023-2030			

 $<sup>^1</sup>$  Amended to include additional allocation of 0.5% - 0.1% specifically for small electricity LDC's.  $^2$  Amended to include additional allocation of 0.25% annually for small business refiners.

Prepared by Kate Zyla and Gabriel Pacyniak. Please contact Kate (zyla@law.georgetown.edu) with any questions or comments.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> 38.5% of this allocation provided directly to eligible States.

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# Table 2: Seed Allowance Distribution among States for Investment in Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy (9.5% of Total Allowances in 2012).

(Sec. 132.)

Allocation Method	Portion of Allowances Allocated by Method
Equally Divided Among States	33%
Proportionally Divided by State Population	33%
Proportionally Divided by Energy Consumption	33%

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## Table 3: Permitted Uses for SEED Allowances for Investments in Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy

(Sec. 132.)

Permi	tted Use	Proportion of SEED Funds
Energ	y Efficiency Purposes – Limited to:	20%
	Implementation and Enforcement of Efficient Building Codes (Sec.	
	201)	
b)	Energy Efficient Manufactured Homes Rebate	
c)	Implementation of Building Energy Performance Labeling (Sec. 204)	
d)	Low Income Community Energy Efficiency Programs (Sec. 264) (At	
	least 1%)	
e)	Building Retrofit Program (REEP) (Sec. 202) (At least 5.5%)	
Renev	vable Energy – Limited to:	20%
Capita	l Grants, tax credits, production incentives, loans, loan guarantees,	
	able loans, and interest rate buy downs for:	
a)	Re-equipping, expanding or establishing a manufacturing facility	
	certified to produce	
	i. Property designed to produce energy from renewable energy	
	sources	
	ii. Electricity storage systems	
b)	Deployment of renewable energy technology to generate electricity	
c)	Deployment of facilities or equipment, such as solar panels, to generate	
	electricity or thermal energy from renewable energy resources in and	
	on buildings in an urban environment	
Distri	oution to Local Governments	12.5%
Local	governments may only use allowances for the Energy Efficiency and	
Renew	rable Energy purposes enumerated above.	
	tionary	47.5%
2	e used for:	
	Energy efficiency purposes described above	
	Renewable energy purpose described above	
c)	Energy efficiency programs for end-use consumers of electricity,	
	natural gas, home heating oil, or propane, including those projects	
	administered by local governments or non-state entities	
	Enabling the development of the Smart Grid	
e)	Providing the non-federal share of support for certain surface	
	transportation capital projects	

Prepared by Kate Zyla and Gabriel Pacyniak. Please contact Kate (<u>zyla@law.georgetown.edu</u>) with any questions or comments.